

CIRCLE PROCESSES PAX 672

Spring 2023

Discipleship Center March 17-19, in-person only

INSTRUCTOR INFORMATION:

Ram Bhagat, EdD

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COURSE DESCRIPTION: ADAPTED FROM INTRODUCTION TO PEACEMAKING CIRCLES BY KAY PRANIS.

This course will introduce participants to the peacemaking circle process and explore:

- Foundational values and philosophy of peacemaking circles, including Afro-Indigenous roots of the circle process
- Creating safe, brave, and liberated spaces for dialogue
- Consensus decision making
- Structure of the circle process
- Facilitation of the circle process
- Practical applications of circle keeping
- Conflict as an opportunity to build relationships
- Problems and challenges in circle process

This course will use the peacemaking circle process as the primary form of group work.

COURSE GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:

This course is intended to provide experience in the circle process as well as an understanding of the foundational values and key structural elements for designing and conducting peacemaking circles. The class will prepare students to design and facilitate peacemaking circles in culturally diverse settings and situations.

REQUIRED TEXTS AND OTHER RESOURCES:

Required texts:

- Dewolfe, T. N. & Geddes, J. (2020). The little book of racial healing: Coming to the table for truth-telling, liberation, and transformation. Good Books: New York, NY (ISBN: 978-1-68099-362-2)
- Mitchell, S. (2018), *Sacred instructions: Indigenous wisdom for living spirit-based change*. North Atlantic Books, Berkely, CA. (ISBN: 978-0-9721886-4-7)

- Pranis, K. (2005), *The little book of circle processes: A new/old approach to peacemaking,* Good Books, Intercourse, PA. (ISBN 978-1-56148-461-4)
- Smith, A, Smith, A, & Gonzales, A. (2022). Let your light shine: How mindfulness can empower children and rebuild communities. Penguin Random House, New York, NY. (ISBN 9780593332283)

Course Reader (will be provided)

Recommended texts:

- Akbar (2020). *Beyond ally: The pursuit of racial justice*. Publish Your Purpose Press: Hartford, CT
- Akbar (2017). Urban trauma: The legacy of racism. Purpose Driven Publishing: Hartford, CT
- Boyes-Watson (2008), *Peacemaking circles & urban youth: Bringing justice home*. Living Justice Press: St. Paul, MN
- Menakem (2017). *My grandmother's hands: Racialized trauma and the pathway to mending our hearts and bodies.* Central Recovery Press: Las Vegas, NV
- Richards, M. (1994). Let the circle be unbroken: The implications of African spirituality in the diaspora. Red Sea Press, Trenton, NJ.
- Winn, M. T. (2018). *Justice on both sides: Transforming education through restorative justice.* Harvard Education Press: Cambridge, MA

Bibliography:

- Aquino, E., Manchester, H. B., & Wadhwa, A. (2021). *The little book of youth engagement in restorative justice: Intergenerational partnerships for just and equitable schools.* Good Books: New York, NY
- Bell, L.A. (2020). Storytelling for social justice: Connecting narrative and the arts in anti-racist teaching. Routledge: New York, NY
- brown, a. m. (2017). *Emergent strategy: Shaping change, changing worlds*. AK Press: Chico, CA
- Davis (2019), The little book of race and restorative justice: Black lives, healing, and us social transformation. Good Books: New York, NY
- Evans, K. & Vaandering (2016). The little book of restorative justice in education: Fostering responsibility, healing, and hope is schools. Good Books: New York, NY
- Fanon, F. (2022). *The psychology of oppression and self-hate: Essays on the ideas of Frantz Fanon*. Restoring the African Mind Research Collection: Middletown, DE
- Freire, P. (2005). *Education for consciousness*. Continuum International Publishing Group: New York, NY
- Freire, P. (1998). *Pedagogy of the oppressed*. Continuum: New York, NY
- Ginwright, S. (2016). Hope and healing in urban education: How urban activists and teachers are reclaiming matters of the heart. Routledge: New York, NY
- Haines, S.K. (2019). The politics of trauma. North Atlantic Books: Berkley, CA
- Kessler, R. (2000). The soul of education: Helping students find connection, compassion, and character at school. ASCD: Alexandria, VA
- Pointer, L., McGoey, K. & Farrar, H. (2020). *The little book of restorative teaching tools: Games, activities, and simulations for understanding restorative justice practices*. Good Books: New York, NY
- Pranis, K., Stuart, B. & Wedge, M. (2003). *Peacemaking circles: From conflict to community*. Living Justice Press: St. Paul, MN
- Woolford, A. & Nelund, A. (2019). *The politics of restorative justice: A critical introduction.* Lynne Rienner Publishers: Boulder, CO

Manuals:

- Boyes-Watson, C. & Prannis, K. (2010). Heart of hope: A guide of using peacemaking cirlces to develop emotional literacy, promote healing & build healthy relationships. Living Justice Press: St. Paul, MN
- Boyes-Watson, C. & Prannis, K. (2015). *Circle forward: Building a restorative school community.* Living Justice Press: St. Paul, MN

REQUIRED ASSIGNMENTS:

FOR GRADUATE CREDIT

Reading assignments (20%)

Before beginning the course:

- The Little Book of Circle Processes: A New/Old Approach to Peacemaking.
- The Little book of Racial Healing: Coming to the Table for Truth-telling, Liberation, and Transformation.
- Sacred Instructions: Indigenous Wisdom for Living Spirit-Based Change.
- Let your light shine: How Mindfulness Can Empower Children and Rebuild Communities.

Course Reader

During and following the course:

- Let the Circle Be Unbroken: The Implications of African Spirituality in the Diaspora.
- Peacemaking Circles: From Conflict to Community.
- Peacemaking Circles & Urban Youth: Bringing Justice Home.

Class Participation (50%)

Imagine a Circle Process (5%) - due March 26, 2023 by 11:59 EST

• Analyze an experience in your own life where you think a circle might have been useful (personal, work, school, . . .) and suggest a design for the circle

Participate in a Circle Process (10%) – due April 9, 2023 by 11:59 EST

• Sit in on a circle (if there is anything available) and write a reflection paper about what you experience and observe

<u>Course Project Paper (15%) – due April 30, 2023 by 11:59 EST</u> 8 - 10 pages double-spaced (including title page and references)

- Choose a topic of interest related to peacemaking circles, write a reflection paper on the topic
 - Overview of circle process (4 P's)
 - Reflections on class and context of circle process
 - Design and organize a circle process (peacemaking circle)
 - Describe the experience of circle keeping

Arts-based Project (Optional - discuss with professor) - due April 30, 2023 by 11:59 EST

Submit Assignments: by e-mail to rambhagatEdD@gmail.com

FOR PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION/TRAINING

No required assignment other than readings assignments before beginning the course and full participation in the weekend!

SCHEDULE AND TOPICS:

Friday, March 17, 2023, 6:00 - 9:00 pm

- Foundational values and philosophy of peacemaking circles
- Creating safe, brave, and liberated space for dialogue

Saturday, March 18, 2023, 8:00 am - 5:00 pm

- Consensus decision making
- Structure of the circle process
- Afro-Indigenous roots of the circle process
- Facilitation of the circle process
- Practical applications of circle process

Sunday, March 19, 2023, 1:00 – 6:00 pm

- Conflict as opportunity to build relationships
- Problems and challenges in circles
- Reflections on the roles & responsibilities of circle keepers

Resources for Circle Process Training

Akoben	https://akobenllc.org/restorative-practices/
Community Healing Network	https://communityhealingnet.org/
Drums No Guns Foundation	https://www.rambhagat.com/drums-no-guns
Holistic Life Foundation	https://hlfinc.org/
Padres & Jovenes Unidos	https://www.facebook.com/padresjovenesunidos/
Precious Blood Ministry of Reconciliation	https://www.pbmr.org/
Restorative Justice for Oakland Youth (RJOY)	https://rjoyoakland.org/
Restorative Response Baltimore	https://www.restorativeresponse.org/
RISE4Youth	https://www.riseforyouth.org/
ROCA	https://rocainc.org/
SchoolTalk DC	https://schooltalkdc.org/
The Conciliation Project	https://www.theconciliationproject.org/
The Hive	https://www.thehivemovement.org/
Suffolk University	https://www.suffolk.edu/cas/centers-institutes/center-for- restorative-justice
Youth & Families in Crisis, LLC	http://youthandfamiliesincrisis.com/

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FOR COURSE SYLLABI:

Last reviewed December 2022

Writing Guidelines:

Writing will be a factor in evaluation: EMU has adopted a set of <u>writing guidelines</u> for graduate programs that include six sets of criteria: content, structure, rhetoric & style, information literacy, source integrity, and conventions (see page 3). It is expected that graduates will be able to write at least a "good" level with 60% writing at an "excellent" level. For the course papers, please follow the APA style described in CJP's *GUIDELINES for GRADUATE PAPERS* (see CJP Student Resources Moodle page or request a copy from the Academic Program Coordinator), unless directed otherwise by the instructor. Criteria for Evaluating Arts-Based Peacebuilding Projects can be found at the end of this document.

Academic Accountability & Integrity:

EMU faculty and staff care about the integrity of their own work and the work of their students. They create assignments that promote interpretative thinking and work intentionally with students during the learning process. Honesty, trust, fairness, respect, and responsibility are characteristics of a community that is active in loving mercy and doing justice. EMU defines plagiarism as occurring when a person presents as one's own someone else's language, ideas, or other original (not common-knowledge) material without acknowledging its source (Adapted from the Council of Writing Program Administrators). This course will apply <u>EMU's Academic Accountability Policy</u> to any events of academic dishonesty. If you have doubts about what is appropriate, <u>Indiana University's Plagiarism Tutorials and Tests</u> may be a useful resource.

Turnitin:

Students are accountable for the integrity of the work they submit. You should be familiar with EMU's Academic Integrity Policy (see link above) in order to meet the academic expectations concerning appropriate documentation of sources. In addition, EMU is using <u>Turnitin</u>, a learning tool and plagiarism prevention system. For CJP classes, you may be asked to submit your papers to Turnitin from Moodle.

Moodle:

<u>Moodle</u> is the online learning platform that EMU has chosen to provide to faculty, administrators and students. Students will have access to course information within Moodle for any class they are registered for in a given term. The amount of time a student has access to information before and after the class is somewhat dependent on the access given to students by the individual faculty member. However, please note that courses are not in Moodle permanently – after two years the class will no longer be accessible. <u>Please be sure to download resources from Moodle that you wish to have ongoing access to.</u>

Technology Requirements and Communication/Zoom Best Practices:

Communication will largely be accomplished via the Moodle platform utilized by EMU and your EMU email. Check both frequently during the semester. Zoom will be used for synchronous online course sessions. <u>Please review these best practices for online classes!</u>

Graduate & Professional Studies Writing Center:

Please utilize the <u>writing program</u>. They offer free individual sessions with a graduate student writing coach. Please visit the website to schedule an appointment or request additional information from CJP's Academic Program Coordinator.

Institutional Review Board (IRB):

All research conducted by or on EMU faculty, staff or students must be reviewed by the <u>Institutional</u> <u>Review Board</u> to assure participant safety.

Grading Scale & Feedback:

In most courses grades will be based on an accumulation of numerical points that will be converted to a letter grade at the end of the course (several CJP courses are graded pass/fail). Assignments will receive a score expressed as a fraction, with the points received over the total points possible (e.g. 18/20). The following is the basic scale used for evaluation. *Points may be subtracted for missed deadlines.*

95-100 = A outstanding	90-94 = A- excellent	85-89 = B+ very good
80-84 = B good	76-79 = B- satisfactory	73-75 = C+ passing
70-72 = C unsatisfactory	Below 70 = F failing	
lante are expected to earn A's Q D's	A CDA of 2 0 for NAA students	and 0.75 far CC

Graduate students are expected to earn A's & B's. A GPA of 3.0 for MA students and 2.75 for GC students is the minimum requirement for graduation.

Regarding feedback on papers/projects: Students can expect to receive papers/assignments back in a class with faculty feedback before the next paper/assignment is due. This commitment from faculty assumes that the student has turned the paper in on the agreed upon due date.

Library

The <u>Hartzler Library</u> offers research support (via e-mail, chat, phone, or SSC campus) and the library home page offers subject guides to help start your research. The library can help you acquire resources not held by EMU through the Interlibrary Loan (ILL) system. The link to ILL is on the left side of the library homepage.

Office of Academic Access:

If you have a physical, psychological, medical or learning disability that may impact your work in this course, it is your responsibility to contact the <u>Office of Academic Access</u>. They will work with you to establish eligibility and to coordinate reasonable accommodations. All information and documentation is treated confidentially.

Class Attendance (for in-person and synchronous online courses):

Students are expected to attend all class meetings. If unusual or emergency circumstances prevent class attendance, the student should notify the professor in advance if possible. Multiple absences from class will result in lower grades. The student is responsible for the material presented in classes missed. Students should be aware of the importance of regular class attendance, particularly in the case of CJP classes that only meet once a week or over several weekends. Being absent for more than one class leads to a student missing a large portion of the class content. In addition to consistent class attendance, students should make every effort to arrive to class on time out of respect for the learning process, fellow students and faculty.

Religious Holidays

EMU respects the diversity of religious holidays and wishes to provide reasonable accommodations for students who may be unable to fully participate in class, lab, exams, or other assignments due to observation of a significant religious holiday. Students should provide adequate notice (a week in advance) to the faculty of such requests.

Student Health & COVID-19

As Eastern Mennonite University monitors the emerging variants of Covid, students who are attending classes *in-person* must adhere to the university's protocol in regard to the pandemic. Students can find more information about EMU's current and past pandemic protocols at <u>https://emu.edu/coronavirus/</u>. You will also receive emails from university as decisions involving student wellbeing and safety in relation to the virus are made. Please note that during the school year, EMU Health Services is open and available for in-person full-time students to seek medical advice and treatment (and part-time students who choose to fill out the health form in order to access services). To learn more about the services available, and how to schedule an appointment, go to <u>https://emu.edu/studentlife/health/</u>.

Classroom Culture & Related Policies

EMU's <u>Life Together</u> statement describes the sort of learning community that we aspire to be. Learning thrives where there is free and open exchange of ideas, thoughts, emotions, and convictions. Open discourse requires trust and safety. While I anticipate that you may find that some aspects of the class challenge your views and theoretical frameworks, I invite you to respectfully express either agreement or disagreement without fear of consequences. If you feel that I am violating this commitment, please make an appointment to meet outside of class so that we can discuss the issue.

I hope we can welcome differences and demonstrate a willingness to analyze issues from frameworks that may or may not feel comfortable. I have opinions, which I may express from time to time. Please be sensitive in your class participation by not unfairly dominating discussions. Be aware of others' right to speak and welcome questions from your classmates. My goal is to create a brave space in which everyone learns to participate in scholarly dialogue that values listening, thinking, feeling, study, and professionalism. (*Adapted from Margaret Sallee and Kathryn Roulston*)

- 1. Our primary commitment is to learn from each other. We will listen to each other and not talk at each other. We welcome differences amongst us in backgrounds, skills, interests, and values. We realize that it is these very differences that will increase our awareness and understanding through this process.
- 2. We will trust that people are always doing the best they can.
- 3. Challenge the idea and not the person. We debate ideas, not the individual sharing this idea or practice.
- 4. Each of us will strive to speak our discomfort. When something is bothering you, please practice sharing this with the group. Often our emotional reactions offer valuable learning opportunities.
- 5. Step Up, Step Back. Be mindful of taking up much more space than others. On the same note, empower yourself to speak up when others are dominating the conversation.
- 6. Stay engaged. When overwhelmed or stressed, it can be tempting to slip away from the class or group while meeting. Let us honor one another with focused connection. When we catch ourselves disengaging, let us gently refocus on the tasks at hand.

Course Extensions and Outstanding Grades:

For fall and spring semesters, all coursework is due by the end of the semester. **If a student will not be able to complete a course on time, the student must submit a request one week before the end of the semester for an extension (up to 6 months), by emailing the instructor, academic advisor and the Academic Program Coordinator.** If the request is granted the student will receive an "I (incomplete) for the course which will later be replaced by a final grade when the work has been turned in on the agreed upon date. If the request for an extension is denied, the student will receive a grade for the work that has been completed up until the time the course was expected to have been completed. If no work has been submitted, the final grade will be an F (or W under unusual circumstances and with permission of the Program Director). Extensions will be given only for legitimate and unusual situations. Extensions are contracted by the student with the program for up to a maximum of 6 months after the deadline for the course work. *PLEASE NOTE: Grades for coursework submitted late may be reduced at the instructor's discretion and in line with their course policy on turning in coursework after the due date. If the extension deadline is not met, the instructor will submit the final grade based on what has been received to date.*

Inclusive, Community-Creating Language Policy:

Eastern Mennonite University expects all its faculty, staff, and students to adopt <u>inclusive written and</u> <u>spoken language</u> that welcomes everyone regardless of race or ethnicity, gender, disabilities, age, and sexual orientation. We will use respectful and welcoming language in all our official departmental documents and correspondence, including those put forth by way of Internet communication, and throughout all academic coursework, inclusive of classroom presentations and conversations, course syllabi, and both written and oral student assessment materials.

As an inclusive community, we strive to sustain safety and belonging for students of all gender and sexual identities expressed in the <u>LGBTQIA+ Student Support Policy</u>.

Bias Response:

Bias incidents are harmful to the EMU community and/or individuals within the EMU community. Bias can be intentional or unintentional and may be directed toward an individual or group. A bias incident may take the form of a verbal interaction, cyber-interaction, physical interaction, or interaction with property. Bias reporting is a resource for anyone who needs to communicate an incident or explore a better understanding around issues of discrimination and learning how to effectively respond. All members of the university community are encouraged to report incidents of bias.

Title IX:

The following policy applies to any incidents that occur (on or off campus or online) while you are a <u>student registered at EMU.</u> It does not apply if you are talking about incidents that happened prior your enrollment at EMU. It is important for you to know that all faculty and staff members are required to report known or alleged incidents of sexual violence (including sexual assault, domestic/relationship violence, stalking). That means that faculty and staff members cannot keep information about sexual violence confidential if you share that information with them. For example, if you inform a faculty or staff member of an issue of sexual harassment, sexual assault, or discrimination they will keep the information as private as they can, but is required to bring it to the attention of the institution's Title IX Coordinator. You can also report incidents or complaints through the <u>online portal</u>. You may report, confidentially, incidents of sexual violence if you speak to Counseling Services counselors, Campus Ministries' pastors, or Health Services personnel providing clinical care. These individuals, as well as the Title IX Coordinator, can provide you with information on both internal & external support resources.

Academic Program Policies:

For EMU graduate program policies and more CJP-specific graduate program policies, please see the complete <u>Graduate Catalog</u>.

Criteria for Evaluating Arts-Based Peacebuilding Projects

CRITERIA	A – Excellent	B – Minimal	C – Below expectations	Comments
Goals & Audience Are the goals or learning objectives of the project clear? Have they been met? Is the intended audience clearly specified? Is the project appropriate for this audience? Does the project communicate to the intended audience?	-audience & goals/learning objectives clearly identified. -project appropriate for, and likely to meet, its goals -project is appropriate for specified audience -project understandable to & likely to engage and/or communicate to audience	expectations -audience and goals identified though not as clearly as they could be - project may meet its goals but this is not entirely clear - project is at least somewhat appropriate for, and likely to communicate to audience.	-audience and goals inappropriate or inadequately identified -project unlikely to meet its goals and/or communicate to the audience	
Methodology Is the overall methodology clear and appropriately used? Has the project incorporated specific methods required by the assignment? If intended as a form of intervention, has thought be given to how it will be implemented?	-project incorporates inquiry methods required by the assignment -all methodologies & technologies have been appropriately used, with attention to ethical and methodological issues -if intended as intervention or advocacy, project has given adequate thought to implementation -sources & methods are adequately identified	 methodology basically appropriate to the project and appropriately used, but could be strengthened -sources and methods identified but not as fully as they could be -more thought should be given to implementation issues 	-methodology inadequate and/or inadequately articulated. -sources not appropriately identified -inadequate attention to implementation issues	
Analysis <i>Is there evidence of</i> <i>critical thinking and</i> <i>analysis?</i>	 evidence of critical thinking about methods, sources, information and analysis or editing. uses analysis/editing methods appropriate for the project method of analysis or editing is adequately articulated 	 some evidence of critical thinking but could be stronger -analytical approach and the analysis itself is basically appropriate but could be stronger and/or articulated better. 	-inadequate evidence of critical thinking -analysis lacking or inadequate -analytic approach inappropriate or inadequately specified	
Craft & Coherence Is the level of artistic and/or technical craft adequate for the specified goals and audience?	 level of craft is clearly adequate for the audience & to meet project goals (whether or not it meets "artistic" standards) project is coherent & likely to resonate 	 -level of craft is minimally adequate for the audience and goals -project coherence could be stronger 	-level of craft inadequate for purposes and/or audience -project is not coherent	

Did it involve an appropriate amount of work? Does the final product have coherence and "resonance?"	with the intended audience -product shows an appropriate amount of effort for this assignment			
Content Is the content appropriate & adequate, given the goals, audience & assignment? Is there evidence of insight, originality &/or creativity?	- information conveyed is clearly adequate for goals, audience & assignment -shows depth & breadth of content -shows insight, originality &/or creativity	-information conveyed is adequate but could be strengthened -some evidence of insight, originality, or creativity	-inadequate information -little or no evidence of insight, originality and/or creativity	
				<u>Grade</u>

Criteria for Evaluating Arts-Based Peacebuilding Projects

Background notes:

• Arts approaches can be used in several different stages of a project:

- 1. To gain or create knowledge. (For example, research "subjects" or participants might be engaged in an arts-based project as a way of soliciting information or encouraging insight.)
- 2. To add complexity or nuance to created knowledge. (For example, an arts practice may serve as one method in a multi-method research project, creating an integrated, reflective methodology for the project. Alternatively, an arts practice could be used to analyze and/or interpret data collected by conventional methods.)
- 3. To test knowledge. (For example, researchers might verify their interpretation of findings from a more traditional research process by creating a play or exhibit and testing it for resonance with their subjects.)
- 4. To share findings. (For example, a play or exhibit might be created to (re)-present data collected or analyzed via conventional methods in order to impart the particular kinds of meaning the researcher considers important, and as a way to reach and engage a broader audience.)
- 5. As a form of intervention. (For example, a project might be designed to raise awareness of an issue or conflict, to promote dialogue on a contested issue, or to advocate for a cause.)

• Arts-based products often do not specify methodologies used. Thus it may be important for a project to be accompanied by a short paper discussing analysis, theory of change, audience, goals, and methods used.

• Patricia Leavy, *in "Method Meets Art: Arts-based Research Practice" (New York: Guilford Press)* 2009, argues that "[t]raditional conceptions of validity and reliability, which developed out of positivism, are inappropriate for evaluating artistic inquiry." (p. 15). She suggests that authenticity, trustworthiness, and validity can be assessed through attention to such elements as aesthetics, resonance, and vigor.

• For a discussion of standards, see "Method Meets Art" (Leavy, 2009: 15ff and Chapter 8).